ernardo O’Higgins National Park

Bernardo O’Higgins National Park is the largest park of the country that covers two regions of Chile, which are regions XI and XII. This Nation Park has a surface total of 8.907.904,37 acres and was named after General Bernardo O’Higgins. Bernardo O’Higgins National Park protects the Patagonian ice field which is one of the greater water reserves on the planet. A main attraction of the park is the glacier Pío XI with a strong wall that forms the glacier is about 246,06 feet high that when it falls, it can create waves higher than 32,81 feet high. This National Park has the greatest glacier of all on the South hemisphere. The diverse wildlife in the park consists of otters, wolves, huemules, condors, cormoranes, and many others. The vegetation in the park is presented with chilco, chaura, calafate, zarzaparrilla, murtilla, and etcetera. Bernardo O’Higgins National Park is a favored place for photographing and viewing wild fauna life plus landscape and rafting in the Balmaceda sector.

Image of a mountain side at Bernardo O’Higgins National Park